

## Quick User Guide for HELAC-Onia (v0.0.1 20/10/2018)

### Collision parameters

```
# beam 1 energy (GeV)
energy_beam1 real

# beam 2 energy (GeV)
energy_beam2 real

# colliding particles: 1=pp, 2=ppbar, 3=e+e-, 4=e+p, 5=e-p, 6=e+pbar, 7=e-pbar
colpar integer

# Fixed-target collision (T) or not (F)
fixtarget boolean
```

### Monte Carlo/Integration parameters

```
# Monte Carlo generator: 0 PHEGAS (recommended for event generation) 1 RAMBO 2 DURHAM 3 VEGAS -1 Single Phase Space
gener integer

# unweighting on/off
unwgt boolean

# n. of pre-unweighted events (used when unwgt=T)
preunw integer

# number of unweighted events in .lhe file (always set unwevt=nmc)
unwevt integer

# number of total phase space points
nmc integer

# technical parameters for PHEGAS (gener = 0)
# always set it to be nmc/10
nopt integer
# always set it to be nmc/10
nopt_step integer
# always set it to be nmc
noptlim integer

# Do Monte Carlo over helicities
# recommended value is 4
ranhel integer
```

### Output parameters

```
# topdrawer output file (T) or not (F)
topdrawer_output boolean

# gnuplot output file (T) or not (F)
gnuplot_output boolean

# root output file (T) or not (F)
root_output boolean

# hwu output file (T) or not (F)
hwu_output boolean
```

### PDF parameters

```
# Use the Les Houches accord PDF library (only valid when lhpdf are installed)
lhpdf boolean

# PDF number (as in file pdf/pdf_list.txt (uselhapdf=F), PDFsets.index(uselhapdf=T));
# enter 0 to run without PDFs e.g.pdf=10000 cteq6m,pdf=10041 cteq6l, pdf=10042 cteq6l1
pdf integer

# Whether one wants to automatically get the PDF uncertainty (Yes (T), No (F))
# it only works when lhpdf = T
reweight_pdf boolean

# first of the error pdf sets when lhpdf=T and reweight_pdf=T
# e.g. when pdf=21100 (MSTW2008), pdf_min=21101 and pdf_max=21140
#(check PDFsets.index in LHAPDF)
pdf_min integer
# last of the error pdf sets when lhpdf=T and reweight_pdf=T
pdf_max integer
```

### Theory parameters

```
# interactions : 0=only electroweak, 1=electroweak and QCD, 2=only QCD, 3=only QED, 4=QCD and QED
qcd integer

# Running of alphas : 0=alpha QCD not running, 1=alpha QCD running
alphasrun integer

# Gauge (for Z/W propagators only) : 0=Feynman gauge, 1=unitary gauge
gauge integer

# Fixed (0) or complex (1) scheme for the introduction of the width of W and Z
widsch integer

# The renormalisation/factorisation scale choices
# 0 means fixed scale; 1 means Sqrt(m1**2+pt1**2); 2 means Sqrt(sum(mi,i=3,n)**2+pt1**2); [others check src/setscale.f90]
Scale integer

# The value of fixed scale (relevant when Scale = 0)
FScaleValue real

# The multiplication factor for the central renormalisation/factorisation scale
# the true scale is FScaleValue*ScalarFactor (Scale=0),Sqrt(m1**2+pt1**2)*ScalarFactor #(Scale=1),etc
ScaleFactor real

# The additional multiplication factor for the central renormalisation scale
# the true scale is FScaleValue*muR_over_ref (Scale=0),Sqrt(m1**2+pt1**2)*muR_over_ref #(Scale=1),etc
muR_over_ref real

# The additional multiplication factor for the central factorisation scale
# the true scale is FScaleValue*muF_over_ref (Scale=0),Sqrt(m1**2+pt1**2)*muF_over_ref #(Scale=1),etc
muF_over_ref real

# Whether one wants to automatically get the scale uncertainty (Yes (T), No (F))
reweight_Scale boolean

# When reweight_Scale = T, the renormalisation/factorisation scale uncertainty will be # calculated via
rw_Rscale_down<mu_R/mu_0<rw_Rscale_up,
# rw_FScale_down<mu_F/mu_0<rw_FScale_up
rw_Rscale_down real 0.5
rw_Rscale_up real 2.0
rw_FScale_down real 0.5
rw_FScale_up real 2.0
```

### Kinematical cuts

```
# The cuts on the absolute rapidity and absolute pseudorapidity if absoluterap = T
# Otherwise, the cuts on the rapidity and pseudorapidity
# e.g. if minyrapconia = 0.0 and maxyrapconia=2.0, the cut  $0.0 < |y| < 2.0$  on charmonium #is imposed when absoluterap=T and
 $0.0 < y < 2.0$  is imposed when absoluterap=F
absoluterap boolean
```

### # transverse momentum cuts

```
# minimum lepton pt
minptl real

# minimum quark pt
minptq real

# minimum charm pt
minptc real

# minimum bottom pt
minptb real

# minimum top pt
minptt real

# minimum photon pt
minptp real

# minimum charmonium pt
minptconia real

# minimum bottomonium pt
minptbonia real

# minimum Bc pt
minptBconia real

# maximum lepton pt, negative no such cut
maxptl real

# maximum quark pt, negative no such cut
```

```

maxptq real

# maximum charm pt, negative no such cut
maxptc real

# maximum bottom pt, negative no such cut
maxptb real

# maximum top pt, negative no such cut
maxptt -1.0d0

# maximum photon pt, negative no such cut
maxptp real

# maximum charmonium pt, negative no such cut
maxptconia real

# maximum bottomonium pt, negative no such cut
maxptbonia real

# maximum Bc pt, negative no such cut
maxptBconia real

# (pseudo) rapidity cuts

# maximum lepton rapidity
maxrapl real
# maximum lepton y rapidity
maxyrapl real
# minimum lepton y rapidity
minyrapl real

# maximum quark rapidity
maxrapq real
# maximum quark y rapidity
maxyrapq real
# minimum quark y rapidity
minyrapq real

# maximum charm rapidity
maxrapc real
# maximum charm y rapidity
maxyrapc real
# minimum charm y rapidity
minyrapc real

# maximum bottom rapidity
maxrapb 2.d0 real
# maximum bottom y rapidity
maxyrapb real
# minimum bottom y rapidity
minyrapb real

# maximum top rapidity
maxrapt real
# maximum top y rapidity
maxyrapt real
# minimum top y rapidity
minyrap real

# maximum photon rapidity
maxrapp real
# maximum photon y rapidity
maxyrapp real
# minimum photon y rapidity
minyrap real

# maximum charmonium rapidity
maxrapconia real
# maximum charmonium y rapidity
maxyrapconia real
# minimum charmonium y rapidity
minyrapconia real

# maximum bottomonium rapidity
maxrapbonia real
# maximum bottomonium y rapidity
maxyrapbonia real
# minimum bottomonium y rapidity
minyrapbonia real

# maximum Bc rapidity
maxrapBconia real
# maximum Bc y rapidity

```

```

maxyrapBconia real
# minimum Bc y rapidity
minyrapBconia real

# separation cuts

# minimum delta R (lepton-lepton)
mindrll real

# minimum delta R (lepton-quark)
mindrlq real

# minimum delta R (quark-quark)
mindrqq real

# minimum delta R (quark-b)
mindrqb real

# minimum delta R (b-b)
mindrbb real

# minimum delta R (photon-fermion)
mindrpf real

# invariant-mass cuts

# minimum lepton-lepton mess
minmll real

# minimum lepton-quark mass
minmlq real

# # minimum photon-fermion mass
minmpf real

# minimum quark-quark mass in the pp(bar) case
minmqqp real

# minimum quark-b mass in the pp(bar) case
minmqb real

# minimum b-b mass in the pp(bar) case
minmbb real

# additional cuts

# minimum pt of the first final particle in VEGAS(generator 3)
minptlc real

# maximum pt of the first final particle in VEGAS(generator 3), negative no cut
maxptlc real

# maximum rapidity (not pseudo!) for the first final particle
maxylc real

# minimum rapidity (not pseudo!) for the first final particle
minylc real

# minimum mass u,d,s quarks and gluon with partonic beam in the pp(bar) case
minmqbeam real

# minimum missing transverse momentum
minptmiss real

# Technical kinematical cuts for the first final particle
# minimum Pt of the first final particle
Pt1 real
# maximum rapidity of the first final particle
maxylc real
# minimum rapidity of the first final particle
minylc real

# (parton) jet related cuts in pp or ppbar

# minimum jet pt
minptjet real 0d0

# maximum jet pt, negative no such cut
maxptjet real -1.0d0

# maximum jet rapidity, negative no such cut
maxrapjet real 1d0

# 1: kt; 0: C/A; -1: anti-kt

```

```

jet_alg integer -1

# jet radius R
jet_radius real 0.5d0

# number of quark flavour included in jet
jet_n_flavour integer 3

# max number of parton jet, negative no such cut
max_n_jet integer -1

# min number of parton jet, negative no jet related cuts applied
min_n_jet integer -1

# ee cuts
cutoffe 1.0d-3      # cutoff (e+e- case)
minenl 10.0d0      # minimum lepton energy
minenq 10.0d0      # minimum quark energy
minenp 10.0d0      # minimum photon energy
minanglb 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between lepton and beam
minangqb 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between quark and beam
minangpb 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between photon and beam
minangll 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between lepton and lepton
minanglq 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between lepton and quark
minangqq 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between quark and quark
minangpf 5.0d0     # minimum angle (degrees) between photon and fermion
minmqqe 10.0d0     # minimum mass quark with quark in the e+e- case

# decay cuts
decay_minptl 0d0   # minimum pt of lepton from decay
decay_maxycl 1d9   # maximum y rapidity of lepton from decay
decay_minycl 0d0   # minimum y rapidity of lepton from decay
decay_maxrapl 1d9  # maximum pseudo rapidity of lepton from decay
decay_minel 0d0   # minimum energy of lepton from decay
decay_maxcl 1d0   # maximum cos angle between beam and lepton from decay

Theory Constants
# Fermi coupling constant
gfermi real 1.16639d-5
# not running value of the strong coupling (used only if alphasrun is 0)
alphas2 real 0.118d0
# Z mass
zmass real 91.188d0
# Z width
zwidth real 2.446d0
# W mass
wmass real 80.419d0
# W width
wwidth real 2.048d0
# squared sinus of Weinberg angle; if set to -1, sin2thetaw = 1 - (wmass/zmass)**2
sin2thetaw real -1
# fine structure constant; if set to -1, alphaem = sqrt(2)*gfermi*(wmass**2)*sin2thetaw/pi
alphaem real -1
# Higgs mass
higmass real 126.0d0
# Higgs width
higwidth real 4.291d-3
# electron mass
emass real 0.0d0
# muon mass
mumass real 0.0d0
# tau mass
taumass real 0.0d0
# electronic neutrino mass
nemass real 0.0d0
# muonic neutrino mass
nmumass real 0.0d0
# tau neutrino mass
ntaumass real 0.0d0
# up quark mass
umass real 0.0d0
# down quark mass
dmass real 0.0d0
# strange quark mass
smass real 0.0d0
# charm quark mass
cmass real 0.0d0
# bottom quark mass
bmass real 0.0d0
# top quark mass
tmass real 174.3d0
# top quark width
twidth real 1.6d0

```

### Quarkonium specific parameters

# If one wants to get 3pj (j=0,1,2) individually (usually used for calculating 3PJ[1] for chi\_{QJ}), please # set exp3pjQ=T.  
Otherwise, it will calculate the sum of 3pj (j=0,1,2), which is usually used for  
# calculating 3PJ[8] with heavy quark spin symmetry).  
exp3pjQ **boolean**

# Long Distance Matrix Element For Heavy Quarkonia  
# Long Distance Matrix Element  $\langle O(3S1[1]) \rangle = |R(0)|^2/4/\pi$   
# in JHEP 02 (2008) 102  $\langle O(3S1[1]) \rangle = (2J+1) * 2Nc * |R(0)|^2/4/\pi$ ,  
# i.e. LDME\*\*\*\*1 =  $\langle O(2S+1)LJ[1] \rangle / 2Nc / (2J+1)$   
# For P-wave  $\langle O(3P0[1]) \rangle = \langle O(3P1[1]) \rangle = \langle O(3P2[1]) \rangle = 3 * |R'(0)|^2/4/\pi$   
# in JHEP 02 (2008) 102 LDME\*\*\*\*8 =  $\langle O((2S+1)LJ[8]) \rangle / (Nc^2 - 1) / (2J+1)$

# Charmonium System  
LDMEcc1S01 0.0644578d0 # LDME for 1S0[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc3S11 0.0644578d0 # LDME for 3S1[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc1P11 0.0179049d0 # LDME for 1P1[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P01 0.0179049d0 # LDME for 3P0[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P11 0.0179049d0 # LDME for 3P1[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P21 0.0179049d0 # LDME for 3P2[1] charmonium  
LDMEcc1S08 0.95d-2 # LDME for 1S0[8] charmonium  
LDMEcc3S18 0.265d-2 # LDME for 3S1[8] charmonium  
LDMEcc1P18 0.134287d-2 # LDME for 1P1[8] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P08 0.134287d-2 # LDME for 3P0[8] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P18 0.134287d-2 # LDME for 3P1[8] charmonium  
LDMEcc3P28 0.134287d-2 # LDME for 3P2[8] charmonium

# Bottomonium System  
LDMEbb1S01 0.515556d0 # LDME for 1S0[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3S11 0.515556d0 # LDME for 3S1[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb1P11 0.515556d0 # LDME for 1P1[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P01 0.515556d0 # LDME for 3P0[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P11 0.515556d0 # LDME for 3P1[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P21 0.515556d0 # LDME for 3P2[1] bottomonium  
LDMEbb1S08 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 1S0[8] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3S18 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 3S1[8] bottomonium  
LDMEbb1P18 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 1P1[8] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P08 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 3P0[8] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P18 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 3P1[8] bottomonium  
LDMEbb3P28 0.386667d-2 # LDME for 3P2[8] bottomonium

# Bc System  
LDMEbc1S01 0.122667d0 # LDME for 1S0[1] Bc  
LDMEbc3S11 0.122667d0 # LDME for 3S1[1] Bc  
LDMEbc1P11 0.0478333d0 # LDME for 1P1[1] Bc  
LDMEbc3P01 0.0478333d0 # LDME for 3P0[1] Bc  
LDMEbc3P11 0.0478333d0 # LDME for 3P1[1] Bc  
LDMEbc3P21 0.0478333d0 # LDME for 3P2[1] Bc  
LDMEbc1S08 0.920004d-3 # LDME for 1S0[8] Bc  
LDMEbc3S18 0.920004d-3 # LDME for 3S1[8] Bc  
LDMEbc1P18 0.35875d-3 # LDME for 1P1[8] Bc  
LDMEbc3P08 0.35875d-3 # LDME for 3P0[8] Bc  
LDMEbc3P18 0.35875d-3 # LDME for 3P1[8] Bc  
LDMEbc3P28 0.35875d-3 # LDME for 3P2[8] Bc

# P-wave LDME subtraction counterterm via RG in NRQCD (check arXiv:1809.02369)  
# a flag to determine whether calculate the subtraction counterterm via MSbar subtraction  
calc\_LDME\_RG\_CT F  
# the NRQCD renormalization scale  
muNRQCD 1.5d0

### Nuclear effects in pA or AA collisions

```
# nuclear PDF id; 0: proton, 1: EPS08, 2: EPS09, 3: EPS09LO, 4: EPS09NLO 301-331: EPS09LO,n, 401-431: EPS09NLO,n, 5: EKS98,
1000: use the faked nuclear PDF in LHAPDF6 (make sure the last two are proton PDF).
# It can be used only when using LHAPDF and set lhpdf=T
nPDF_id integer

# reweight to get nPDF uncertainty, only works when lhpdf = T
reweight_npdf boolean

# the first of the error npdf sets (relevant only when reweight_npdf=T and lhpdf=T)
# if nPDF_id=1000 (and one uses LHAPDF6), its LHAID should be (pdf (central one)+npdf_min-1000)
# usually it is 1001
npdf_min integer

# the last of the error npdf sets (relevant only when reweight_npdf=T and lhpdf=T)
# if nPDF_id=1000 (and one uses LHAPDF6), its LHAID should be (pdf (central one)+npdf_max-1000)
npdf_max integer

# the isospin symmetry should be taken into account by EPS08, EPS09 (in LHAPDF5) and nCTEQ15*_** (in
# LHAPDF6) but not by nCTEQ15FullNuc*_** (with 'FullNuc' tag in LHAPDF6) as it has already been taken into
# account by PDF itself.
npdf_isospin boolean

# include reference collision (pp for pA/Ap, (pp,pB,Ap) for AB)
include_ref boolean

# A of nuclear of beam 1, 0: it is proton/(anti-)proton
nuclearA_beam1 integer

# A of nuclear of beam 2, 0: it is proton/(anti-)proton
nuclearA_beam2 integer

# A model for fermion motion

# To include the fermion motion effect (T) or not (F) in pA mode
fermion_motion boolean

# The default value is 0.26 GeV of pF for fermion_motion
pmax_fermion_motion real
```

### Jet-like cuts to mimic some NNLO topologies for quarkonia cuts in pp or ppbar collisions, see arXiv:1809.02369

```
use_stop_cut F # whether use stop cuts (following cuts will be ignored if it is F)
stop_minptjet 5d0 # minimum jet pt cut (include onium in the jet clustering)
stop_maxrapjet 5d0 # max jet rapidity, negative no such a cut
stop_zcut 0.1d0 # zcut in the soft drop
stop_beta -1d0 # beta in the soft drop (negative to make it collinear safe)
stop_jet_alg -1 # 1: kt; 0: C/A; -1: anti-kt
stop_jet_radius 1.0d0 # jet radius R
stop_jet_dyn_radius -1d0 # if it is > 0, it will use dynamical jet radius
R=max[stop_jet_radius,stop_jet_dyn_radius*M_{onium}/P_T^{onium}]
# the recommended one is 2d0 if one wants to use dynamical jet radius.
stop_min_n_jet 2 # min number of jet (should be n hard jet + 1 onium jet), negative no such a cut
stop_max_n_jet -1 # max number of jet, negative no such a cut
stop_n_frag_gluon 0 # minimal number of final gluon in the LO fragmentation process
stop_n_frag_quark 0 # minimal number of final bare quark in the LO fragmentation process
stop_zsoftcut 0.2d0 # z_{s,cut} for the soft cut applied to (stop_n_frag_gluon+stop_n_frag_quark)==0
# It will be divided by number of partons inside the onium jet
stop_zasymcut 0.3d0 # asymmetric cut for the parton jets if the number of parton jets are >= 2
```

### Parton Shower

```
# A switch for ISR shower in e+e- (check arXiv:1402.5840)
# 0: no ISR shower; 1: ISR by QEDPS
emep_ISR_shower integer

# Do parton shower with general-purpose Monte Carlo PYTHIA8 when Les Houches Event file is generated
# 0: no shower (one can do it manually with the generated Les Houches Event file)
# 1: shower by PYTHIA8
parton_shower integer
```