

# Toxic Gas-Free Synthesis of Extremely Negative Triboelectric Sulfur Copolymer Blends Via Phase Separation of Fluorine-Rich Polymers

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Smart Nano-Device Laboratory

이정완

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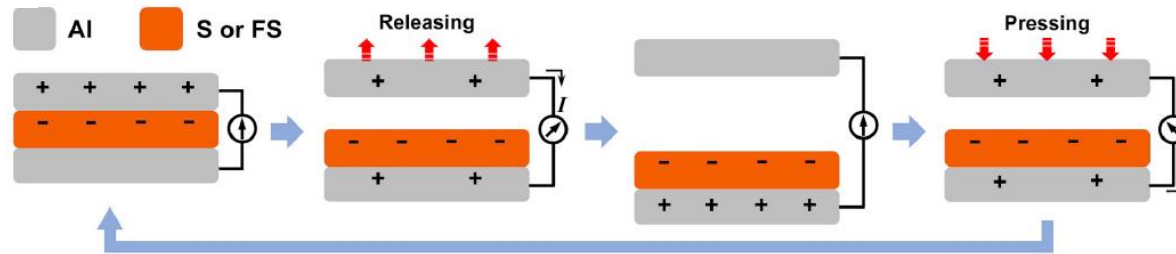
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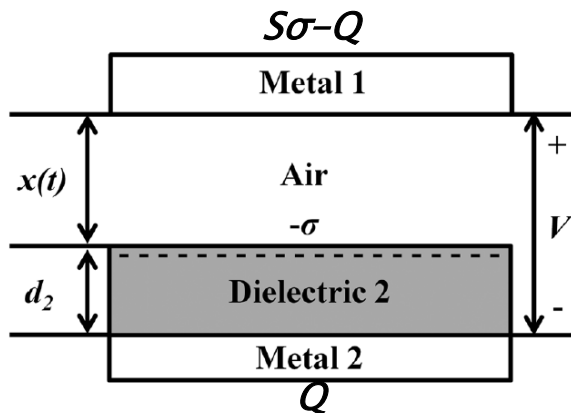
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# Triboelectric Nanogenerator(TENG)

## TENG Device Working Principle



## Theoretical model for contact mode TENG



$$V = E_2 d_2 + E_{air} x(t) = -\frac{Q}{S \epsilon_0} \left( \frac{d_2}{\epsilon_r} + x(t) \right) + \frac{\sigma x(t)}{\epsilon_0}$$

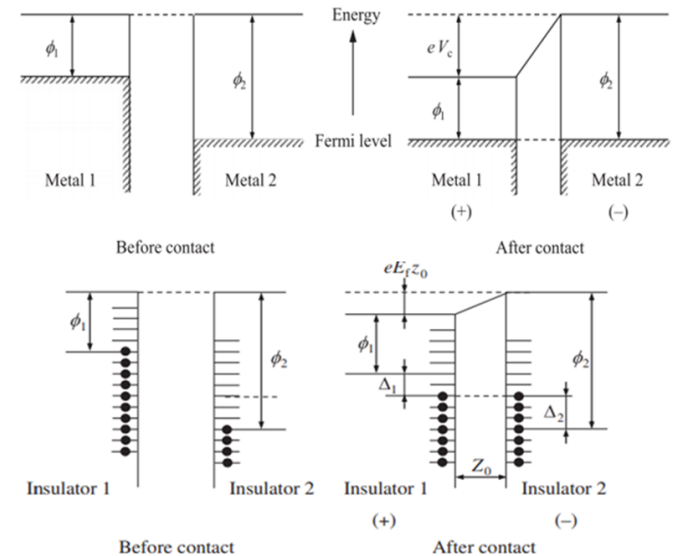
$$V_{oc} = \frac{\sigma x(t)}{\epsilon_0} \quad (\because Q = 0)$$

$$\sigma = \frac{Q}{S} = D = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r E$$

$$\therefore V_{oc} \propto \epsilon_r$$

Simiao Niu et al. Journal of RSC. (2013)

## Contact Electrification



S. Matsusaka et al., Chem. Eng. Sci. 65, 5781 (2010).

# Triboelectric Series

(+)

Borosilicate glass (fire polished)  
Glass (unknown type)  
Mica (muscovite)  $(\text{KF})_2(\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3)_3(\text{SiO}_2)_6(\text{H}_2\text{O})$

Poly(vinyl-2-pyridine) (PV2P)  
Poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVA)  
Poly(vinyl acetate) (PVAc)

Magnesium Mg

Polyamide (Nylon 6,6)

Rock salt NaCl  
Wool  
Fur  
Silica (fire polished)  $\text{SiO}_2$   
Silk

Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA)

Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS)

Calibre (polycarbonate, PC)  
Aluminum Al

Paper  
Cotton  
Zinc Zn  
Nickel Ni  
Steel Fe, C + alloying elements  
Wood  
Amber  
Copper Cu  
Silver Ag  
Platinum Pt  
Gold Au

Poly(ethylene terephthalate) (Mylar, PET)

Borosilicate glass (ground state)  
Epoxy resin  
Natural rubber (polyisoprene)  
Polyacrylonitrile (PAN)

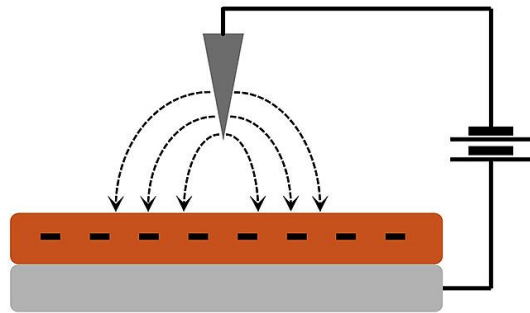
Poly(bisphenol A carbonate) (Lexan, PC)

Poly(vinylidene chloride) (Saran, PVDC)  
Polystyrene (PS)  
Polyethylene (PE)

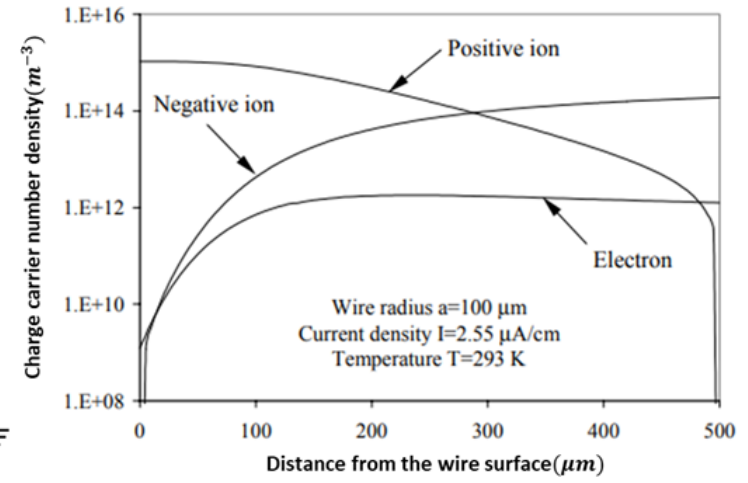
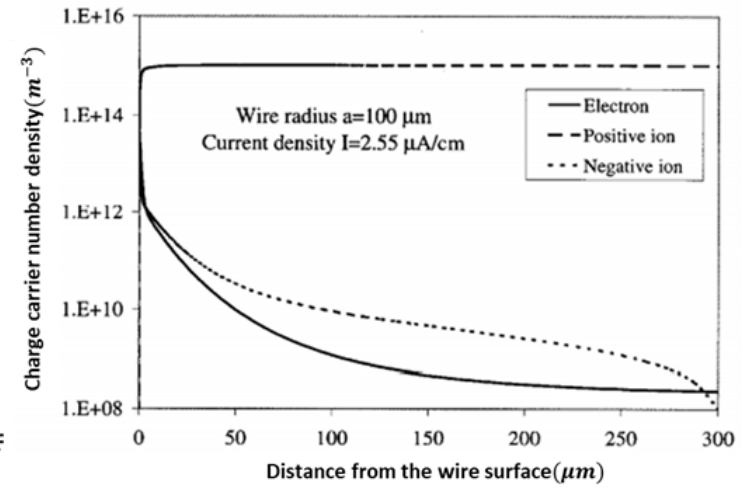
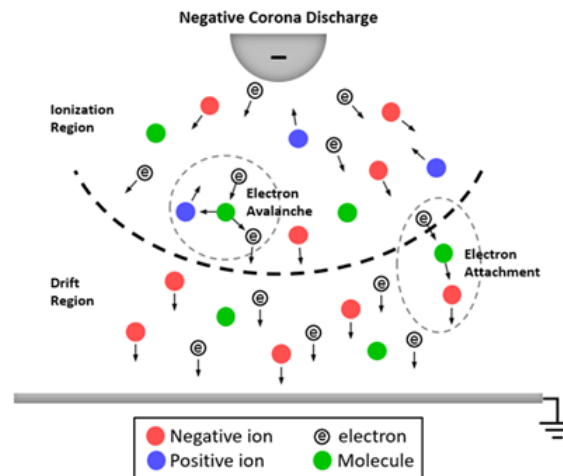
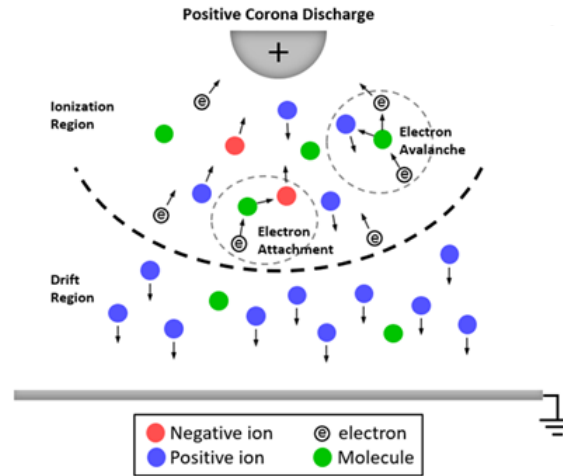
Polypropylene (PP)  
Poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC)  
Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon, PTFE)

(-)

# Corona Treatment



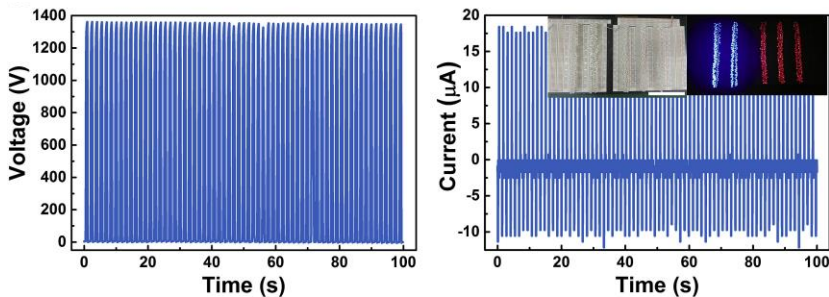
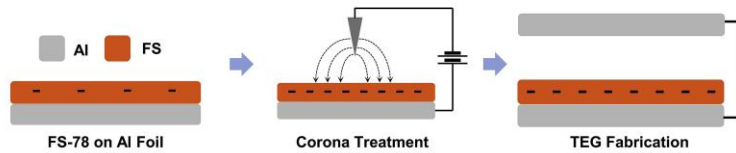
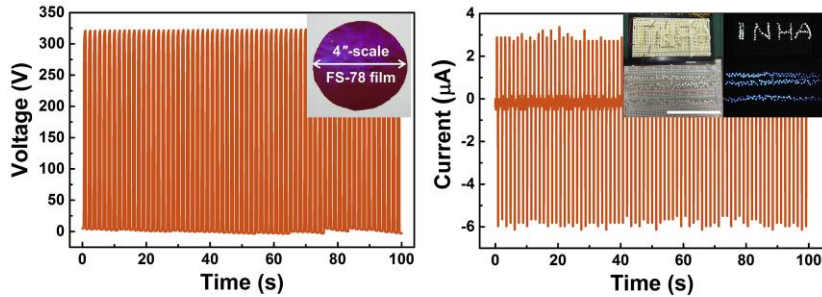
Corona Treatment



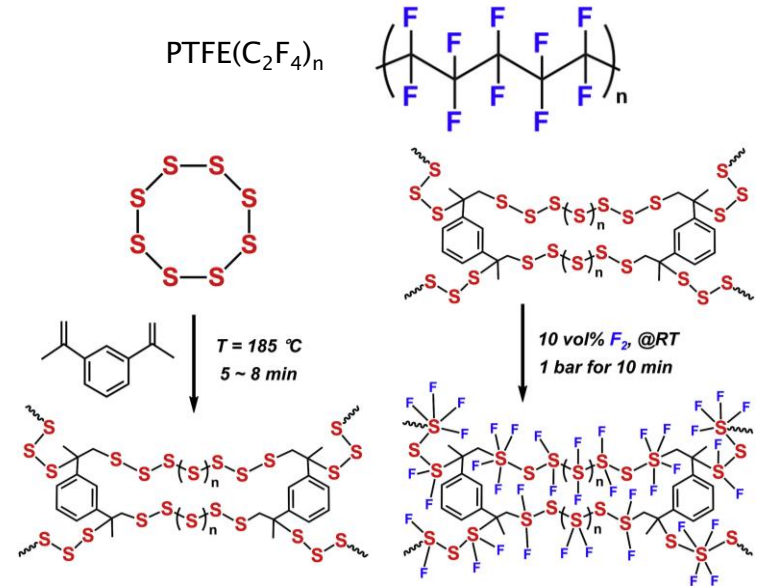


# Previous research

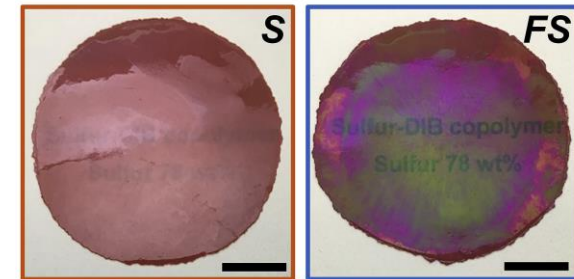
Halogenic elements electron affinity (EA = -270~-349 kJ/mol)  
 Carbon electron affinity (EA = -122 kJ/mol)  
 Sulfur electron affinity (EA = -200 kJ/mol)



Fluorinated Sulfur copolymer film TENG 출력

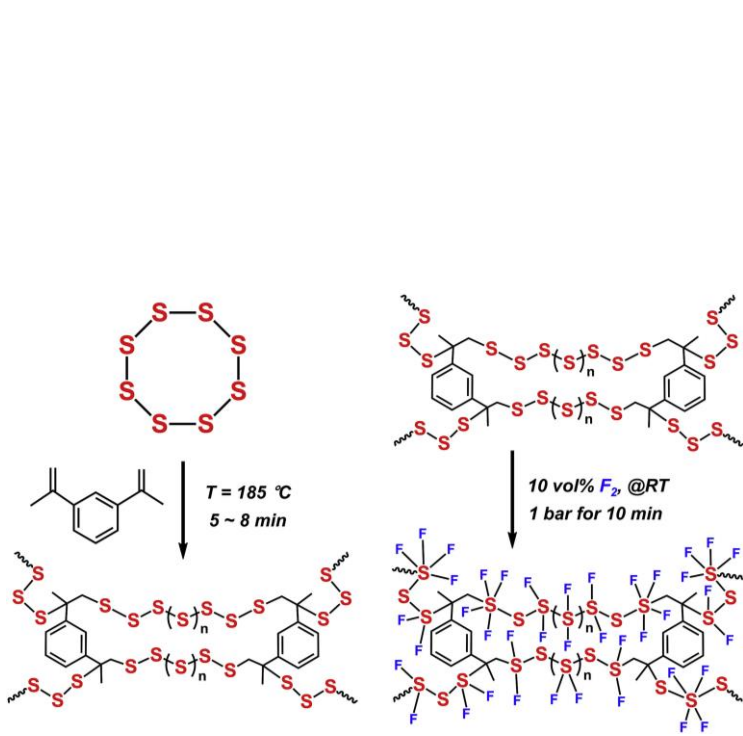


Fluorinated sulfur copolymer

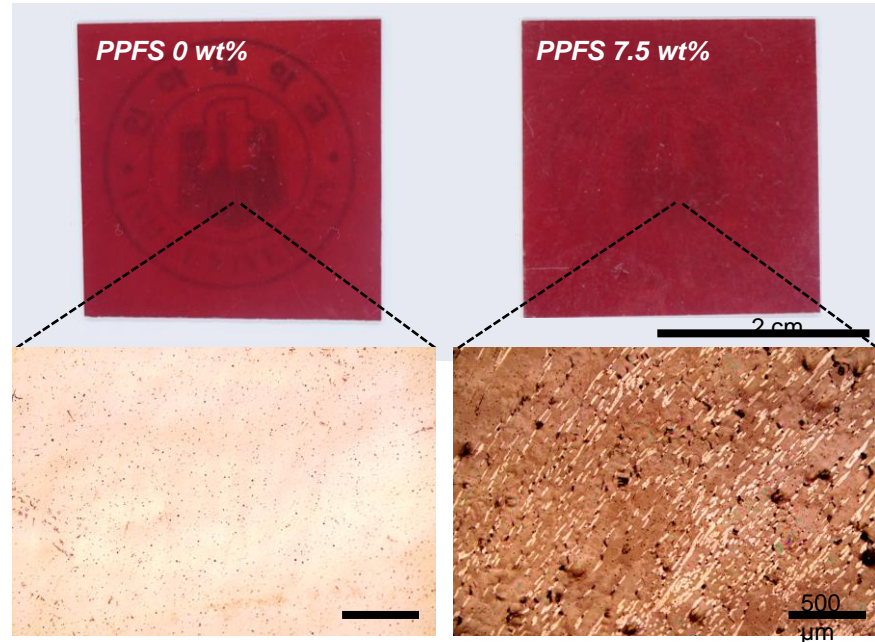
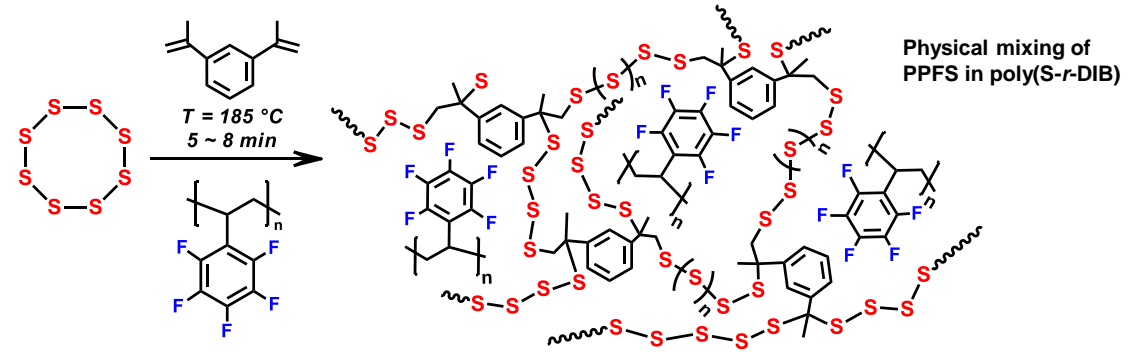


Sulfur copolymer film(좌)  
 Fluorinated Sulfur copolymer film(우)

# Synthesis of the PPFS blends using poly(S-r-DIB) and PPFS



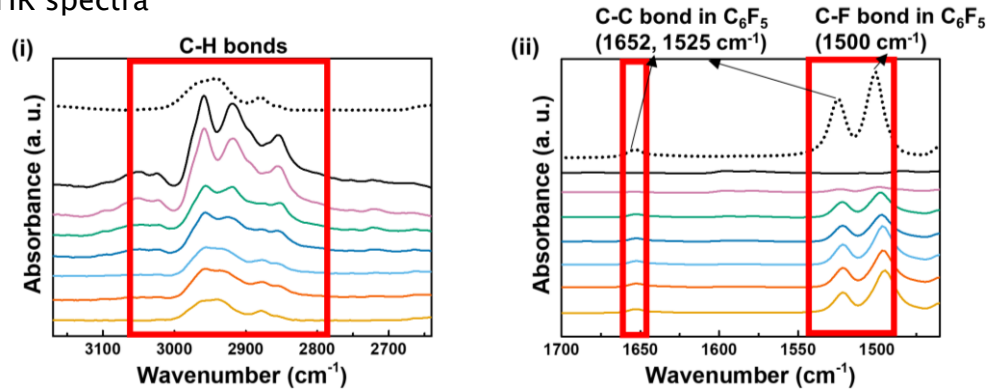
Fluorinated sulfur copolymer



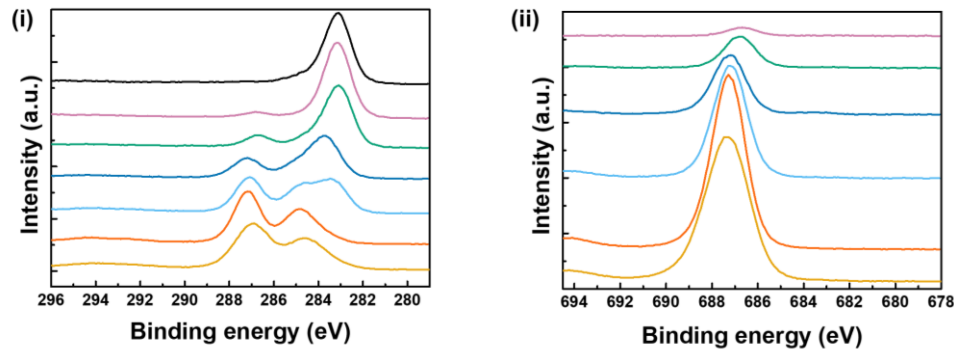
PPFS blended sulfur copolymer

# Surface analysis

ATR-FTIR spectra

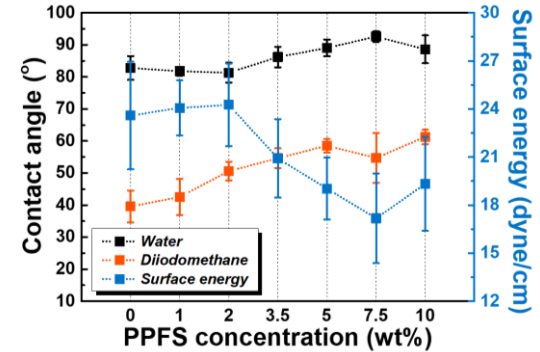


XPS profiles

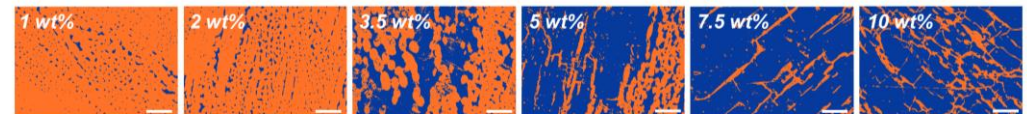
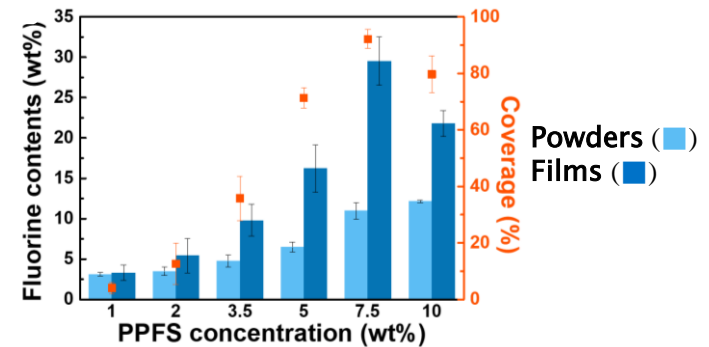


(---) PPFS, (—) PPFS 0 wt%, (—) PPFS 1 wt%, (—) PPFS 2 wt%, (—) PPFS 3.5 wt%, (—) PPFS 5 wt%, (—) PPFS 7.5 wt%, and (—) PPFS 10 wt%

Contact angles



Fluorine contents as determined using EDS analysis

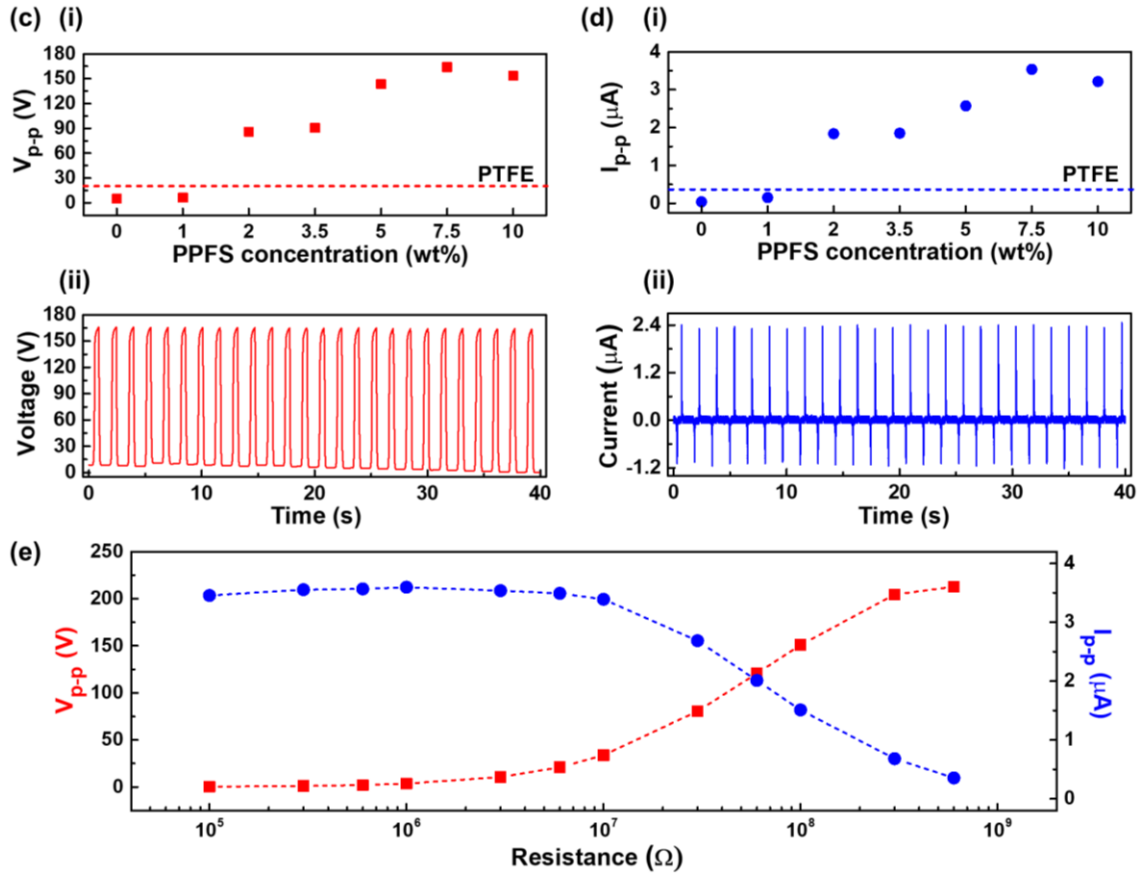


Phase inversion

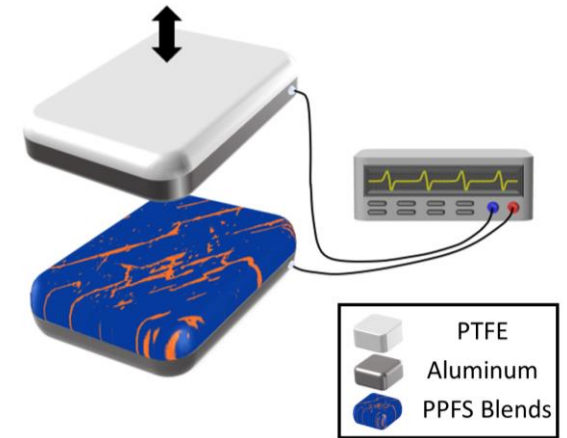


# Triboelectric performance

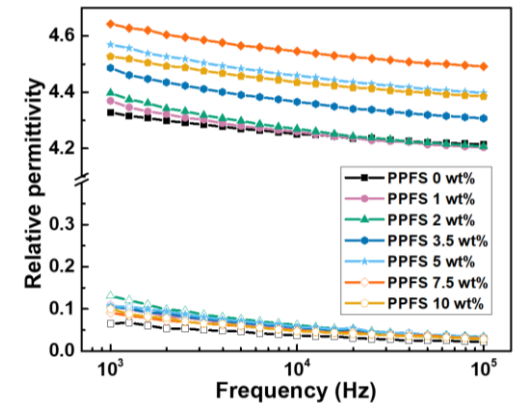
Peak-to-peak voltage and current of PPFS 7.5 wt%



Triboelectric device



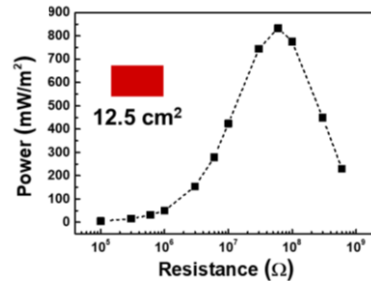
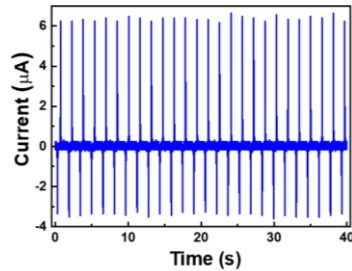
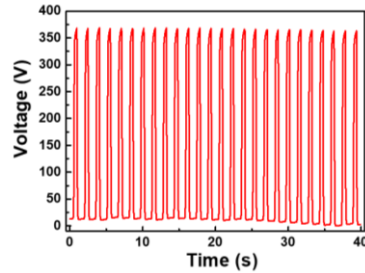
Permittivity



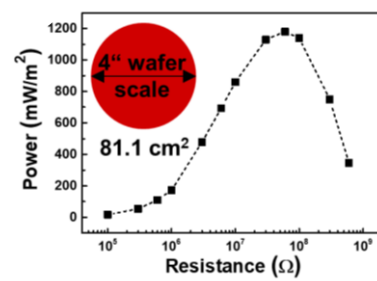
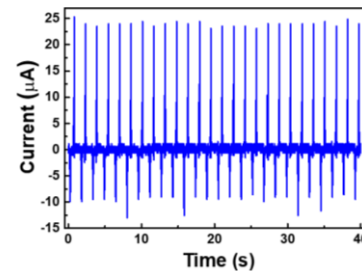
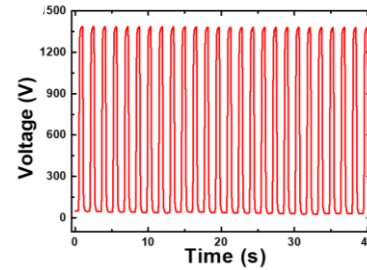


# Maximized triboelectric performance of a corona treated TENG

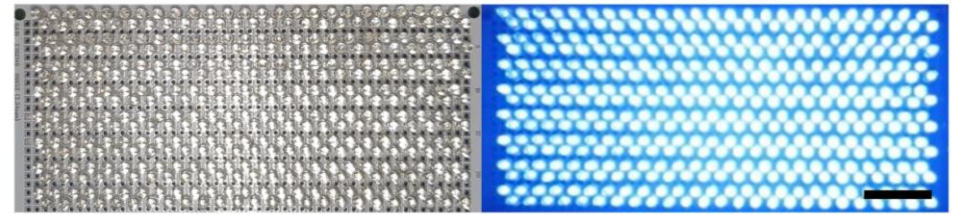
12.5 cm<sup>2</sup> size



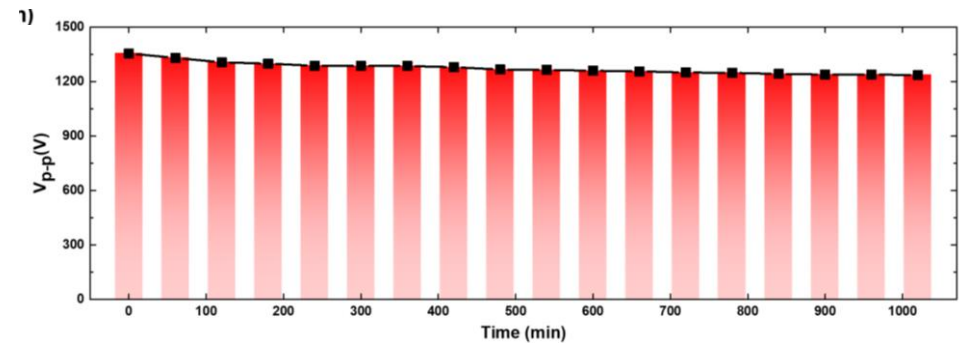
81.1 cm<sup>2</sup> size



Utilization of the large-scale TENG (81.1 cm<sup>2</sup>) for the illumination of 400 series-connected blue



Long-term voltage measurements of the large-scale TENG



# Conclusion

- 전자 친화력에 대한 정보를 기반으로 고성능 마찰 대전 발전 소자 제작. 전자 친화력이 작은 탄소 대신, 전자친화도가 큰 황을 이용하여 중합체를 제작.
- Open circuit Voltage는 1366V의 전압 출력을 얻었고 630개의 LED의 직접 전원 공급으로 좋은 성능을 보임.
- Sulfur copolymer는 석유 정제 부산물인 황으로 합성. 저비용·친환경 공급원인 TENG 신소재를 찾는 과정.

**감사합니다**