

ALICE results

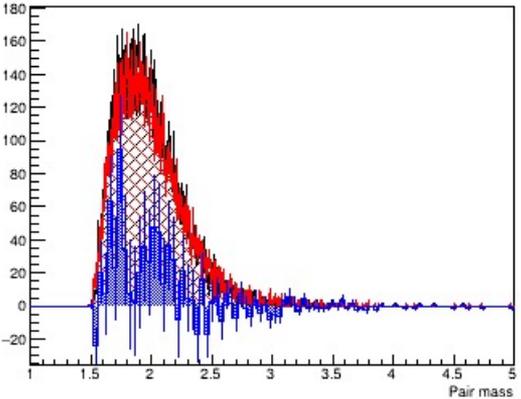
measurement of the Ξ_c^0 -baryon cross sections, not
 and by the BRs, in the two different decay channels
 (0.75, 1)

allowed the computation of the $\text{BR}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- e^+ \nu_e) / \text{BR}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \nu_\pi)$ ratio. The p_T -dependent ratio of the two measurements, which was observed to be flat in p_T [49], was averaged over p_T using the inverse uncorrelated relative uncertainties as weights [53]. The final systematic uncertainty on the ratio was obtained by summing in quadrature the p_T -correlated and uncorrelated systematic uncertainties. The measured ratio is $\text{BR}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- e^+ \nu_e) / \text{BR}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \nu_\pi) = 1.38 \pm 0.14(\text{stat}) \pm 0.22(\text{syst})$. The result is consistent with the global average reported by the PDG (1.3 ± 0.8) [30] and has a total uncertainty reduced by a factor of 3. The result is also consistent with the one released by the Belle Collaboration [54].

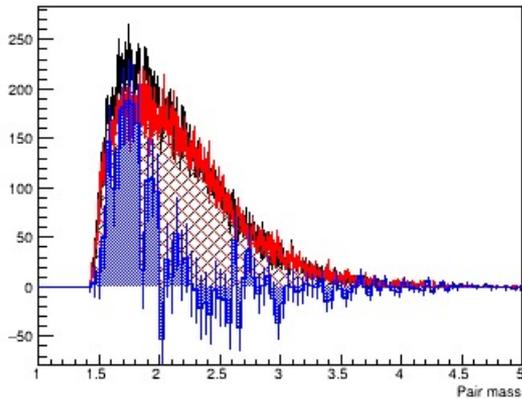
p_f^*/p_{\max}^*	$[\mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell) / \mathcal{B}(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \nu_\pi)]$
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- e^+ \nu_e$	0.730 ± 0.021
$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	0.708 ± 0.033

Background subtraction (MB)

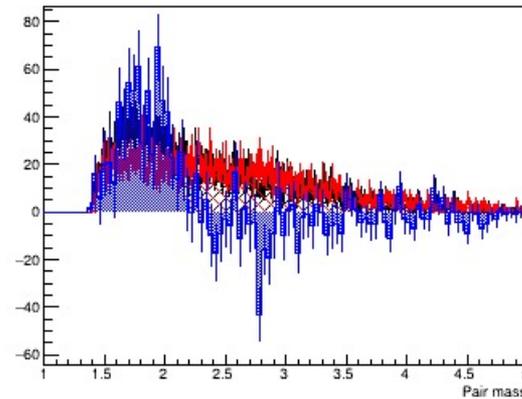
INEL0_MB_0to100, $1 < pT < 2$



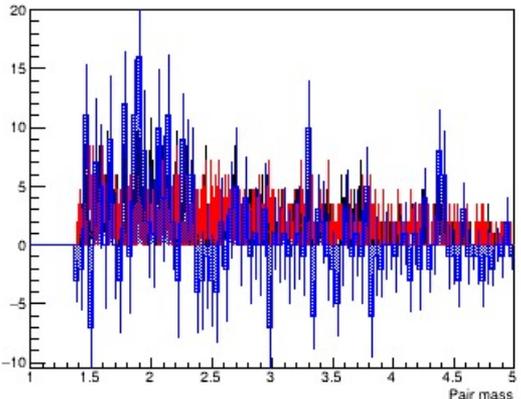
INEL0_MB_0to100, $2 < pT < 4$



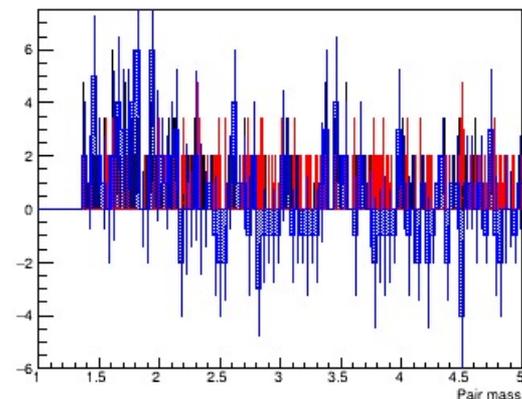
INEL0_MB_0to100, $4 < pT < 6$



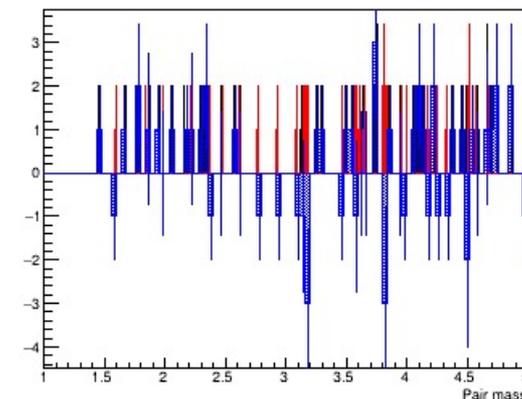
INEL0_MB_0to100, $6 < pT < 8$



INEL0_MB_0to100, $8 < pT < 12$

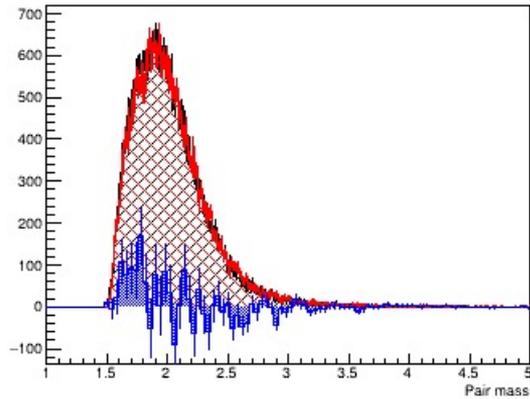


INEL0_MB_0to100, $12 < pT < 24$

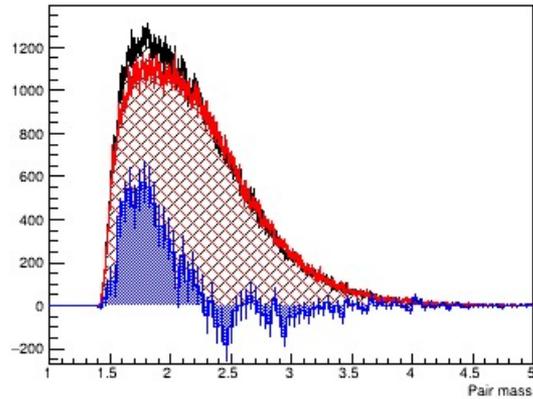


Background subtraction (HMV0)

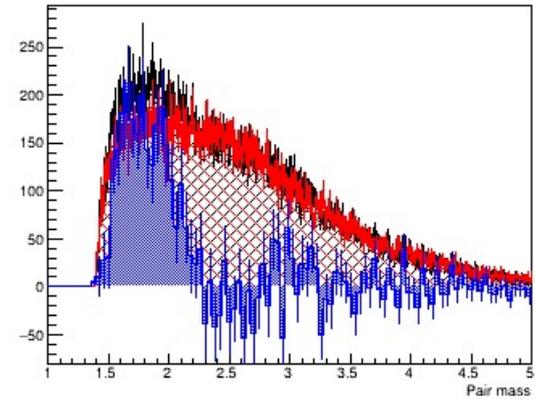
INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $1 < p_T < 2$



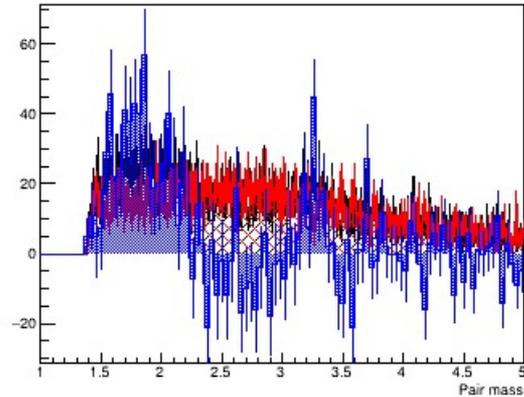
INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $2 < p_T < 4$



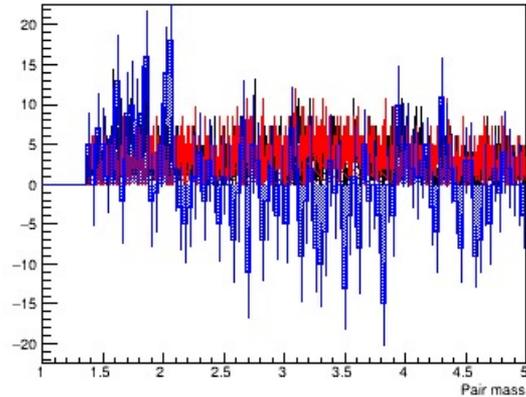
INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $4 < p_T < 6$



INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $6 < p_T < 8$



INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $8 < p_T < 12$



INEL0_HMV0_0to0p1, $12 < p_T < 24$

